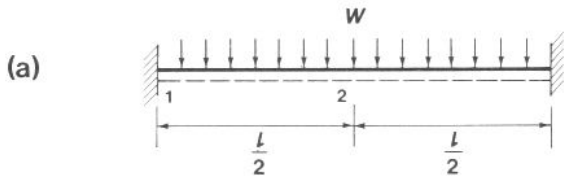


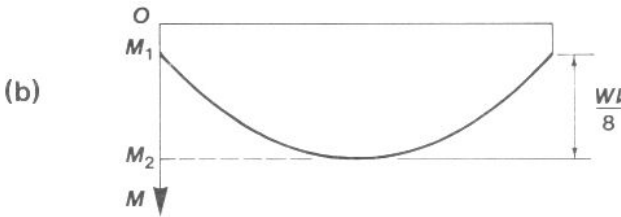
FIXED-ENDED BEAM WITH UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD

Note Title

3/29/2008



STATIC SYSTEM



BENDING MOMENT DISTRIBUTION
(GENERAL FORMULATION)



DEFORMED STATE WITH END
ROTATIONS PERMITTED
(= HINGES ARE FORMING)

$$M_2 - M_1 = \frac{Wl}{8}$$

(SEE GERE P.602 EQ. (9-14))

$$M_1 = -\frac{1}{12} Wl - \frac{2EI\phi_1}{l}$$

(SEE GERE P.604 EQ. (9-19))

$$\delta = \frac{Wl^3}{384EI} - \frac{1}{4} l\phi_1$$

(SEE GERE P.604 EQ. (9-18))

IF W IS SMALL \rightarrow BEAM IS FULLY ELASTIC $\rightarrow \phi_1 = 0$

$$\rightarrow M_1 = -\frac{1}{12} Wl$$

$$M_2 = \frac{1}{24} Wl$$

$$\delta = \frac{Wl^3}{384EI}$$

(SEE GERE P.728 EQ. 10-32)

IF W IS LARGE ENOUGH THAT PLASTIC HINGES FORM,

$$\rightarrow M_1 = M_p$$

$$-\frac{1}{12} W_y \cdot l = M_p$$

$$W_y = \frac{12 M_p}{l}$$

WITH W_y : "YIELD" LOAD

IF W INCREASES FROM W_y TO $W_y + \Delta W$,
PLASTIC HINGES WILL UNDERGO ROTATION WHILE M_1
REMAINS CONSTANT:

$$W_y \rightarrow W_y + \Delta W$$

$$M_1 \rightarrow -M_p$$

$$\Delta M_2 = \frac{\Delta W l}{8}$$

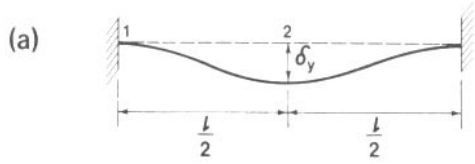
$$\Delta M_1 = 0 = -\frac{1}{12} \Delta W l - \frac{2EI\Delta\phi_1}{l}$$

$$\Delta \delta = \frac{\Delta W l^3}{384EI} - \frac{1}{4} l \Delta\phi_1$$

(SEE ABOVE)

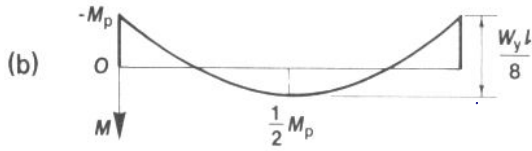
$$\Delta \phi_1 = - \frac{\Delta W l^2}{24 EI}$$

$$\Delta \delta = \frac{5 \Delta W l^3}{384 EI}$$

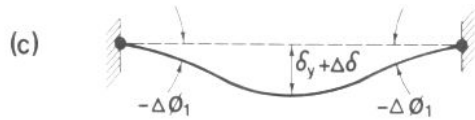


STATIC SYSTEM,

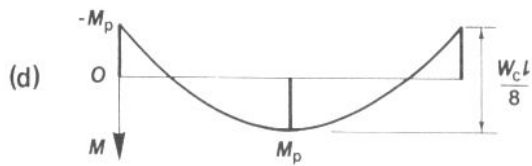
$$W = W_y$$



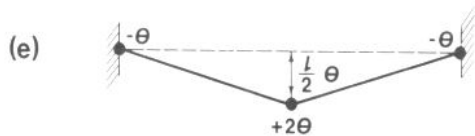
BENDING MOMENT DISTRIBUTION, $W = W_y$



DEFLECTED SHAPE, $W = W_y + \Delta W$



INCREASE W_y BY ΔW TO $W_c \rightarrow$
BENDING MOMENT DISTRIBUTION, $W = W_c$



CHANGES OF GEOMETRY DURING COLLAPSE
= COLLAPSE MECHANISM

NOTE : CONDITIONS $\Delta M_1 = 0$, $\Delta \phi_1 \neq$ CORRESPOND TO
SIMPLY SUPPORTED END CONDITIONS!

FROM BMD (a) \rightarrow BMD (c) \sim INCREASE BY ΔW

$$0.5 M_p + \frac{\Delta W l}{8} = M_p$$

$$\Delta W = \frac{4 M_p}{l}$$

$$\Delta \phi_1 = - \frac{M_p l}{6 EI}$$

$$\Delta \delta = \frac{5 M_p l^2}{36 EI}$$

$$\sim W_c = 12 \frac{M_p}{l} + 4 \frac{M_p}{l}$$

$$= 16 \frac{M_p}{l}$$

$$\nu = \frac{M_p}{M_y} = \text{"SHAPE FACTOR"}$$

